

# THE YANKEE STILL WINS.

Alfred Moseley, of England, Tells the Civic Federation Some Reasons for Our Industrial Supremacy.

MACHINERY IS BETTER.

Then Our Workmen Are More Independent and Have an Incentive to Go Ahead That Is Lacking in English Centres.

The most important meeting of the National Civic Federation of Labor since its organization is in progress to-day in the offices of the Board of Trade, No. 200 Broadway, with Senator Marcus A. Hanna in the chair.

On his left at Nathan Straus and on his right Mayor Low. In the audience are capitalists and labor leaders sitting side by side. Bishop Potter arrived two late for the morning session.

The most important speaker of the morning session was Alfred Moseley, the English philanthropist, who brought over twenty workmen to this country to study the condition of the American laboring man. He said that he will return to report that the American workman receives a fairly high wage, that his English brother, that he works less hours and that his advancement is largely due to perfect machinery and a freedom that the Englishman does not enjoy.

Mayor Low and P. Walls, another Englishman, also addressed the meeting. Mr. Walls represents the Furnace-Makers' Union of England. He said that the most striking feature of his investigation was American machinery.

**The Great Yankee Machines.** "There is machinery and machinery," he said. "The American machines run themselves, while the English machines need some one to run them."

Some of those who were at the meeting were Cornelius N. Straus, Charles Francis Adams, of Boston; Bishop Henry Potter, Archbishop Ireland, of New York; William Franklin MacVeagh, James H. Eckert, John J. McCook, John G. Milburn, Charles J. Bonaparte and Ralph M. Bailey.

Employers are represented by Senator Hanna, S. S. Calway, Charles A. Moore, Edward P. Ripley, J. Kruttschnitt, H. H. Vreeland, Lewis Nixon, Marcus A. Marks, A. S. Chambers and William H. Fraher.

**Tollers Well Represented.**

Wage-earners are represented by Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell, Frank P. Sullivan, Theodore J. Shaffer, John D. Donahue, Daniel J. Keefe, James O'Connor, Martin Fox, James M. Lynch, Edward E. Clark and Henry White.

Karl Bueh, Germany's Consul-General in New York, also was present. He had quite a chat with Archbishop Ireland.

Outside in the hall quite a number of waiting men were waiting to get in. They were mostly men of the world and they were very curious. They were waiting for the names of the speakers, stating that they were merely waiting to hear.

It was eleven o'clock when Senator Hanna commenced.

"Well, this is the thing going," he said. "The American machine is the best of the world. It is the only machine that can run itself. It is the only machine that can run itself."

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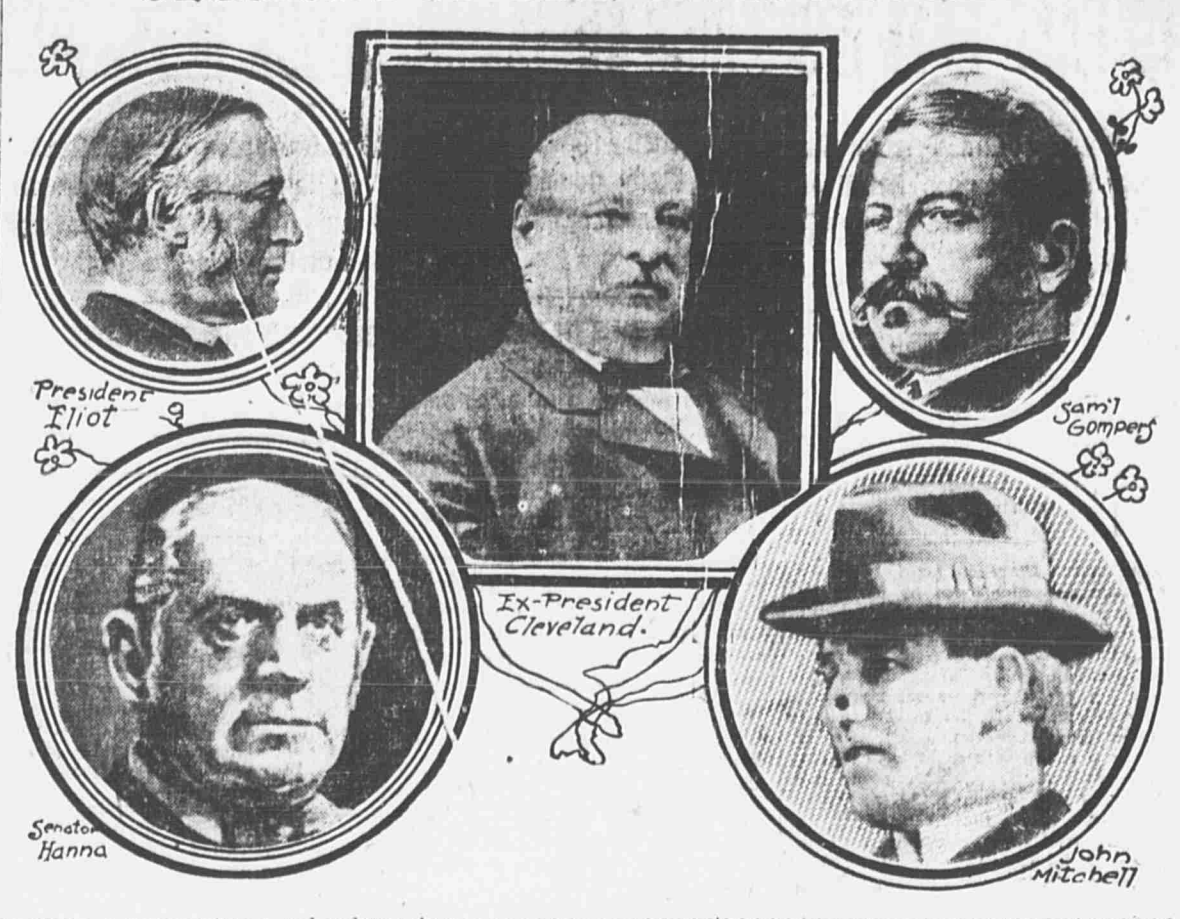
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## NOTED MEN WHO WILL SPEAK AT THE SESSIONS OF THE CIVIC FEDERATION.



### POINTS THAT SHOW HOW TO REACH INDUSTRIAL PEACE.

Alfred Moseley, English capitalist and philanthropist, said:

The thing that militates most against the English workman as compared with the American workman is the fear of the foreman. In England the workman never gets near the master. The foreman would not permit it.

Machinery is the workman's best friend. I am in favor of labor unions, but not in favor of all that labor unions advocate.

**Senator Mark Hanna said:**

Our object is to create industrial peace. The industrial problem is the most important before the people.

**P. Walls, representing the Furnace-Makers, said:**

American machines operate themselves. English machines have some one to operate them.

American factory plants are new. English factory plants are old and run down.

An English foreman would not permit a workman to suggest new ideas.

to the conditions which for the last eight months have existed in the anthracite coal region. Let us assume that provision by law existed under which the Executive, either National or State, was empowered and directed to appoint such a board, calling it into existence to meet a sudden emergency. The chances, I submit, are at least nine out of ten that if such a board were appointed, it would be a success.

In describing its system of operation he said:

"Under it a public tribunal is provided; that tribunal takes official cognizance of what is notorious, and when the public interest is involved, the community sustains prejudice or is gravely prejudiced it becomes its duty to take action. It is the duty of the community to take action. It is the duty of the community to take action."

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## BUTLER ROBBED MILLIONAIRES.

Belmonts and Whitneys Represented in Court When Victor Bloom Was Arraigned on Grand Larceny Charge.

HAD JEWELRY AND SILVER.

Man Had Served in Several Houses of Wealth and Had a Forged Check Purporting to Be Signed by Cornelius Vanderbilt.

Several men of society, including Oliver H. Belmont and Payne Whitney, appeared, some in person and some by proxy, in the Yorkville Police Court this morning against Victor Bloom, charged with grand larceny.

As value and butler in several rich families Bloom for the last two years the police say, has been stealing clothing, small jewelry and costly odds and ends while winning the favor and confidence of each employer in turn.

When the accomplished Bloom charged masters it was always at his own volition. He was second butler in the service of Oliver H. P. Belmont throughout last summer and up to Oct. 1, when he passed to Mr. Payne Whitney as butler-in-chief of the young millionaire's home, No. 11 East Sixty-fifth street.

Several days ago Bloom, according to the police, pocketed a suit-second watch, the property of his employer. He was discharged, loudly protesting his innocence.

When Bloom was suspected, according to the police, O. H. P. Belmont's head butler found in his assistant's room a check on the Fifth Avenue Bank for \$200, signed "Cornelius Vanderbilt." Bloom, so the police say, had admitted that the check was forged.

Many Articles Missing. After Bloom left Mr. Whitney's much clothing was found to be missing, and so also were many expensive knick-knacks.

Mr. Whitney reported the matter to Police Captain Lantry at the East Fifty-first Street Station. Detectives McMullen and Heaney were detailed to make an investigation.

It was learned that Mr. Belmont, like Mr. Whitney, had lost much clothing and some plate, including an antique cream pitcher valued at an heirloom.

Pressing their inquiries further, the detectives learned that Bloom had once served in the family of Charles Blair Macdonald, at No. 7 West Forty-seventh street, and that a valuable pearl pin had disappeared.

Bloom had left his trunk—a large, new one—at Mr. Whitney's residence, promising to call or send for it.

He sent an expressman, with a written order.

Followed by the detectives the expressman took the trunk to a storage warehouse at No. 516 Third avenue, where Bloom had made arrangements for its reception.

Nothing was heard from the butler until Saturday, when the storage people received word to send the trunk to No. 414 Fourth avenue. There Bloom was arrested.

In the prisoner's pocket, the searchers say, they found Mr. Whitney's watch, and in his scarf glittered the pin that had vanished from Mr. Macdonald's home.

Several pieces of silverware bearing the Belmont coat of arms were found in Bloom's room, the police say.

"I came to this country to seek my fortune," said Bloom. "Three years ago, I failed in the search and was too proud to ask my father for help. So I sought work as a valet and my first place was with Mr. Macdonald."

**CLERK JOSEPH SHORT DEAD.**

For Forty Years He Held Office in Various City Departments.

Joseph Short, who for forty years has held office in the Brooklyn Department of Charities, died to-day at his home, No. 300 Kosciuszko street, Brooklyn. He was born in Danville, N. Y., seventy years ago, and had been ill for three weeks.

Forty years ago Mr. Short came to this city and after joining the Kings County Democracy became Chief Clerk in the Department of Charities. He held that office and a similar one in the City Works Department under all kinds of administrations up to the time of the consolidation, when he was made relief clerk of the Charities Department, which post he held when he died.

The funeral will be held Wednesday night from Dr. Carson's Presbyterian Church. The burial will be in Green-Wood.

"So you claim that if the officer of an unincorporated association takes the money entrusted to him and misappropriates it he is not liable to criminal prosecution?" asked Justice Fitzgerald.

"That is exactly the proposition," replied Mr. Nugent.

"It is a perfectly clear proposition, at least," said the Court.

Mr. Nugent asked leave to present a brief and was given till Wednesday. The plaintiff's attorney, Gray, agreed not to present the case to the Grand Jury until the motion is decided.

**SALARY STILL THE SAME.**

No Material Difference to Congressman Loudenlager.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—"Loudenlager," said Representative Banehook, thinking to tease Representative Loudenlager, of New Jersey, "I hear they sent you back with a reduced majority."

"The salary remains the same," replied Mr. Loudenlager.

**Two Big Mortgages Filed.**

SARATOGA, N. Y., Dec. 8.—There has been filed for record in the Saratoga County Clerk's office a first mortgage for \$200,000 upon its properties, including the United Box Board and Paper Company to the Morton Trust Company of New York, for the sum of \$200,000, dated Oct. 1st, 1902, executed by the Morton Trust Company and the North American Trust Company of New York has also just been filed in the same office.

## ICY BLAST NEAR; COAL IS SCARCE

Mercury Slides Down Rapidly as First Breath of Approaching Cold Wave Makes Itself Felt in New York.

FUEL DELIVERED ON SUNDAY

Despite Distribution of 6,000 Tons of Anthracite, Shortage is Felt in Every Part of City and Poor Are Suffering.

The mercury went down as the sun came up to-day, giving early assurance that the weather man's prediction of an approaching cold wave would be realized. From midnight to 6 A. M. the temperature fell six degrees, or from 31 to 25.

A genuine blast of winter is headed this way out of the Northwest. Below zero temperatures have marked its eastward progress, and in spots its approach has been accompanied by high winds and snow.

The Weather Bureau schedules its arrival here by nightfall, with its full force due to-morrow. Whether snow and wind will accompany it and precipitate a blizzard along the Atlantic coast is something which will depend entirely on local conditions at the time of its arrival.

From the present outlook, the weather will likely remain clear, and icy blasts will alone proclaim the arrival of the first real blast of winter.

The arrival of the cold wave will bring the coal situation to a crisis. So far the city has been able to escape privation by a hand-to-mouth fight for fuel. Hardly more than a day's supply is on hand, and a blizzard that would impede traffic would bring about a distressing situation.

Six thousand tons of coal were received and distributed yesterday as though it were an ordinary week day. On the east side the poor took advantage of the fine weather to lay in their week's supply by carrying the coal to their homes from the wharves where it was dumped from the coal barges.

Patrolman George Eckhoff distinguished himself by arresting William E. Weber, of the firm of Weber & Bunke, because he found his driver delivering coal in Columbus avenue, near One Hundredth street. Mr. Weber explained to Magistrate May that he was planning to deliver coal to poor families who would suffer if they were not supplied, and the Magistrate gave the policeman a look that prevented him from making a complaint.

Local coal dealers said that 50,000 tons of coal would be delivered at Jersey City up to noon to-day. They will be anxious to supply the city for forty-eight hours.

**Bitter Cold in Boston.**

BOSTON, Dec. 8.—Rarely, if ever, has Boston experienced such a day of suffering as yesterday proved to be. With a snowstorm raging, with the temperature far below the freezing point, and with thousands of coal bins empty, the situation of men and women carried home the 50 or 100 pounds of coal which they were fortunate enough to get.

In the poorer quarters of the city many people had to remain in bed all day to keep warm.

**AN IRISH MEMORIAL.**

Representative Hibernians Meet in Carnegie Hall.

Carnegie Hall was filled to the doors last night by an enthusiastic crowd of Irishmen gathered to listen to noted speakers who talked in aid of the project for an immense Hibernian Institute in New York.

The usual eloquence marked the demonstration and the speaker told with renewed color the story of Irish valor that never grows old to the Irish heart. The oppression was almost forgot in the glowing tributes to the achievements of the race.

For the first time since his appointment the Right Rev. Archbishop Farley appeared in public outside of a church function. His appearance added dignity to the occasion and he was received with great enthusiasm.

W. Bourke Cochran delayed his trip to Europe in order to be present. After an address he introduced the Archbishop, who spoke at length regarding the project to build an Irish memorial in New York that would last for all time.

Others who spoke were Vice-General Mooney, Thomas J. Gargan, of Boston; Secretary of State Macdonough, and Congressman P. A. S. Weadcock, of Michigan.

## PREFERS SUICIDE TO CONSUMPTION

Hartford Manufacturer Dying of Carbolic Acid Poisoning After Being Told His Disease Was a Fatal One.

SENT PATHETIC TELEGRAM.

Brother Alarmed Over the Ill Man's Silence, Came to New York to Seek Him and Found Him in Bellevue Hospital.

Rather than endure the lingering death of a consumptive, William Myerson, a well-to-do manufacturer, of Hartford, Conn., tried to end his life with carbolic acid. His brother, Myer Myerson, found him in Bellevue Hospital, in a dying condition, yesterday.

When told in Hartford that his disease was fatal, Myerson left home, telling his relatives he was going to New York to find out for certain what his ailment was, and when no word was received from him his brother came to New York and asked aid in finding him at Police Headquarters. He was told that a man answering the description of his brother had attempted suicide by taking carbolic acid at Irving place and upon self-destruction until he had visited a physician here. Then he was told that he had consumed and a telegram bearing a pathetic good-bye by the brother was despatched. At Bellevue it is said Myerson has only a short while longer to live.

When he gave up his head was cut and bleeding from the back of the neck. He was left unconscious, and after an hour later Mr. Linder returned with assistance to convey the prisoner to police headquarters the man was stiff with cold.

When the burglar was taken into the police station under the bright light Mr. Linder looked at him in amazement and exclaimed, "Why, it is William Donohue, a neighbor of mine."

The burglar was immediately released, and a sister man, both physically and mentally, never lived in Black Rock. The trouble was that Mr. Donohue had become confused on going home and had tried Mr. Linder's door instead of his own.

**A NEIGHBOR, NOT A BURGLAR**

After Beating Supposed House-breaker, He Is Tied to a Tree.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Dec. 3.—Mrs. Theodore Linder, of Black Rock, heard a noise at the door. A man was there. Mr. Linder pinioned his arms behind him.

Mr. Linder and a friend took the prisoner to an apple tree and tied him with ropes to it so that he was powerless. The prisoner fought hard before he succumbed.

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**Decorative Objects of Art.**

B. Altman & Co. direct attention to their choice collection of decorative articles, which represents some of the best productions, affording an excellent opportunity for the selection of desirable Holiday Gifts.

Bronze and Marble Groups, Busts and Statuettes are shown, also Onyx and Marble Pedestals, Jardinières with Vienna decorations, and Lamps with Sevres and Vienna decorations. Hall Clocks, Carlo and Music Cabinets, Standard, Banquet and Library Lamps, Etc.

(Department on Third Floor.)

Eighteenth St., Nineteenth St., Sixth Avenue, New York.

**RENT**

ROOMS AND APARTMENTS BY USING THE WORLD'S THREE-TIME RATE.

THE WORLD: MONDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1902.

Furnished Rooms to Let.

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## STILLMAN READS BIBLE.

Embezzler Passes His First Sunday in Prison at Trenton.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 8.—Claude L. Stillman, for many years private secretary of Gov. Murphy, passed his first day in State prison in a deeply religious frame of mind. On Saturday he began a ten years' term for embezzlement from the Governor.

He attended religious service in the morning and afternoon and spent the rest of the day reading the Bible. He professed conversion in Newark jail. A letter has been received from Oswego, N. Y., asking about Stillman. The letter said the writer once saved a three-year-old lad by the name of Claude L. Stillman from drowning. The letter is in the possession of the prosecutor of Essex County. At the prison nothing could be learned of the matter.

**A Special Bargain Sale of India and Turkish Rugs**

as follows:

**Turkish Rugs.**

6 aver. size 8.6x11.6, \$59.00.

5 average size 9x12, \$65.00.

12 aver. size 9.6x12.6, \$75.00.

7 average size 10x13, \$80.00.

5 average size 10x13.6, \$85.00.

**India Rugs.**

4 average size 9x12, \$100.00.

5 average size 9x12, \$105.00.

6 aver. size 9.6x12.6, \$115.00.

7 average size 10x14, \$135.00.

4 average size 10x15, \$145.00.

6 average size 12x15, \$175.00.

Commencing Tuesday, Dec. 9th.

**Lord & Taylor.**

Broadway & 20th St.

## B. Altman & Co.

**DRESS WAISTS** of White Crepe de Chine, Chiffon, Taffeta and Louise Silk, plain and lace trimmed also Hand-made and Embroidered Waists, all appropriate for Afternoon, Tea and Theatre wear.

**WAISTS** made entirely of Irish, Antiques and Venice lace.

**WAISTS** of Silk, Fancy Velvet, Flannel and Bedford Cord, in styles suitable to be worn with Tailor-made Gowns.

For Tuesday, December 9th:

Waists of Persian Striped Flannel, \$2.85

Waists of White Velvet with Black effects, 4.75

Waists of Velvet, Gun metal color, 5.00

Eighteenth Street, Nineteenth Street and Sixth Avenue.

## RENT

ROOMS AND APARTMENTS BY USING THE WORLD'S THREE-TIME RATE